UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

Case No: 1:20-cv-23287-DPG

LUIS MANUEL RODRIGUEZ,
MARIA TERESA RODRIGUEZ, a/k/a MARIA TERESA LANDA,
ALFREDO RAMON FORNS,
RAMON ALBERTO RODRIGUEZ,
RAUL LORENZO RODRIGUEZ,
CHRISTINA CONROY, and
FRANCISCO RAMON RODRIGUEZ,

Plaintiffs,

v.

IMPERIAL BRANDS PLC,
CORPORACIÓN HABANOS, S.A.,
WPP PLC, YOUNG & RUBICAM LLC,
and BCW LLC, a/k/a BURSON COHN & WOLFE LLC

Defendants.
_____/

NOTICE OF FILING

Plaintiffs, LUIS MANUEL RODRIGUEZ, MARIA TERESA RODRIGUEZ, a/k/a MARIA TERESA LANDA, ALFREDO RAMON FORNS, RAMON ALBERTO RODRIGUEZ, RAUL LORENZO RODRIGUEZ, CHRISTINA CONROY, and FRANCISCO RAMON RODRIGUEZ, respectfully give notice of filing the Exhibits to the First Amended Complaint [DE. 82].

Dated: August 11, 2020

Respectfully submitted,

Rodriguez Tramont & Nuñez P.A.

By: ***/s/ Paulino A. Núñez Jr.***
Frank R. Rodriguez
Florida Bar No. 348988
Email: frr@rtgn-law.com
Paulino A. Núñez Jr.

Berenthal & Associates, P.A.

By: ***/s/ James L. Berenthal***
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 23rd day of March, 2021, a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished by electronic filing with the Clerk of the Court via CM/ECF which will send notice of electronic filing to all counsel of record.

By: ***/s/Paulino A. Núñez Jr.***
Paulino A. Núñez Jr.
Florida Bar No. 814806

COMPOSITE EXHIBIT 1

RAMON RODRIGUEZ E HIJOS. S. EN C.
CALLE 23 ENTRE 14 Y 16
HABANA

COMPOSITE EXHIBIT 2

TABACUBA
Empresa Comercializadora
de Tabaco en Rama "La Vega"
EN PERFECCIONAMIENTO
"De la tradición a la excelencia."
LA VEGA
TABACUBA
Empresa Comercializadora
de Tabaço en Rama "La Vega"

COMPOSITE EXHIBIT 3

TABACUBA
H. UPMANN
EMPRESA DE TABACO TORCIDO "JOSÉ MARTÍ"

EXHIBIT 4

CORRESP 1 filename1.htm

Imperial Tobacco Group PLC
PO Box 244, Southville, Bristol BS99 7UJ
Tel: +44 (0) 117 933 7286
Fax: +44 (0) 117 933 7430

Ms Cecilia Blye
Office of Global Security Risk
Division of Corporation Finance
Securities and Exchange Commission
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20549
United States of America

October 12, 2007

Re: Imperial Tobacco Group PLC
Form 20-F for Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2006
Filed February 2, 2007
Form 6-K filed July 23, 2007
File No. 1-14874

Dear Ms Blye

Thank you for your letter of September 28, 2007. Having had the opportunity to carefully consider your comments I have set out below our responses. Where requested we have provided supplemental explanation and information and we will revise future filings to expand and enhance our disclosures.

In responding to your comments we acknowledge that:

- the Company is responsible for the adequacy and accuracy of the disclosure in its filings;
- staff comments or changes to disclosure in response to staff comments do not foreclose the Commission from taking any action with respect to the Company's filings; and
- the Company may not assert staff comments as a defence in any proceeding initiated by the Commission or any person under the federal securities laws of the United States.

For your convenience, we have included each of your comments from your letter, in order and in italics, followed by our responses.

General

1. *We note the disclosure on page 9 of your Form 20-F, and in Exhibit 99.1, regarding your operations and the operations of the Enlarged Group in Iran, Syria and Cuba. In future filings, please revise the disclosure to make clear that the referenced countries are identified by the U.S. State Department as state sponsors of terrorism, so that it will be clear that the risk of "adverse public reaction or reputational harm as a result of doing business in countries that have been identified as state sponsors of terrorism by the U.S. State Department…" to which you refer relates specifically to your operations, and the Enlarged Group's operations, in Iran, Syria and Cuba.*

   Imperial Tobacco Response

   We will revise our disclosures in future filings to make clear that the referenced countries are identified by the U.S. State Department as state sponsors of terrorism. In this regard, we would propose including a risk factor to the following effect:
   "***We do business in certain countries subject to international sanctions***

Some of the countries in which we do business or with whom we have commercial dealings through third parties, such as Iran, Syria and Cuba, have been identified by the U.S. State Department as state sponsors of terrorism. Our activities in these jurisdictions are currently limited principally to selling tobacco products and purchasing tobacco leaf and are not material to our revenue, profit and financial condition. However, following completion of the proposed acquisition of Altadis, our business in Cuba, from which we have previously only sourced tobacco leaf, will become more significant as a result of Altadis' 50% ownership interest in Corporacion Habanos S.A. ("Habanos") a company which distributes cigars manufactured in Cuba.

We seek to comply fully with international sanctions to the extent they are applicable to us and will continue to do so following completion of the proposed acquisition of Altadis. However, in doing so we may be restricted in the sources of products that we supply to these jurisdictions, in our sources of funding for our operations in these jurisdictions or by the nationality of the personnel that we involve in these activities. In particular, Altadis' cigar operations in Cuba could be materially limited by the operation of the United States Cuban Assets Control Regulations and the United States Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (Libertad) Act 1996 (commonly known as Helms-Burton). New future sanctions or changes in existing sanctions could further restrict or entirely prevent us and the Enlarged Group from doing business in or having commercial dealings with certain jurisdictions, including Cuba, which could have an adverse effect on our revenue, profit and financial condition and that of the Enlarged Group.

Furthermore, we may suffer from adverse public reaction or reputational harm as a result of doing business in or having commercial dealings through third parties with countries that have been identified as state sponsors of terrorism by the U.S. State Department, including Iran, Syria and Cuba, or that are subject to international sanctions, notwithstanding that our activities comply with applicable international sanctions and regardless of the materiality of our operations in such countries to our operations or financial condition. Any such reaction could have an adverse effect on our revenue, profit and financial condition and that of the Enlarged Group or on the market price for our ordinary shares and ADSs."

2. *We refer you to the description of your operations in countries identified by the U.S. State Department as state sponsors of terrorism, and your purchase of tobacco leaf grown in Cuba, included in your letter to the staff dated February 11, 2005. Please provide us with an updated description of your operations in, and other contacts with, these countries, and a description of the Enlarged Group's operations in, and other contacts with, these countries.*

Imperial Tobacco Response

As requested we set out below an updated description of our operations in and other contact with nations identified by the U.S. State Department as state sponsors of terrorism.

Iran: The contract manufacturing arrangement with the Iranian Tobacco Company entered into by the group in 2002 remains in force. Under the arrangement we manufacture cigarettes for importation into Iran via a third party distributor. In the year ended September 30, 2006 the value of such net revenue was £4,234,000 and we generated an operating profit of £553,000. No cigarettes have been manufactured and no sales have been made under this arrangement in fiscal 2007.

Syria: We manufacture cigarettes for importation into Syria. In the year ended September 30, 2006 the value of our net revenues for Syria was £2,630,000 (of which £573,000 was for the domestic market and £2,057,000 for the duty free market), generating an operating profit of £1,348,000. Sales in fiscal 2007 were £564,000 in the domestic market and at £3,037,000 in the duty free market, giving a total of £3,601,000. All of the increase between 2006 and 2007 came from the duty free market.

We do not consider our current activity in these countries to be material to the group's financial results, either individually or in the aggregate. The table below illustrates our net revenues and operating profit in Iran and Syria in amount and as a percentage of total group net revenues and operating profit in fiscal 2006.

	Group	Iran		Syria	
	(£ millions)	(£ millions)	(% of Group)	(£ millions)	(% of Group)
Net revenues	3,162	4.2	0.13	2.6	0.08
Operating profit	1,311	0.6	0.05	1.3	0.01

We have not yet released our group financial results for 2007, but expect that our operations in Syria will have a similar level of significance to our group net revenues and operating profit. As mentioned above, we had no sales in Iran in fiscal 2007.

We have no subsidiaries, facilities or group personnel based in either Iran or Syria.

Cuba, North Korea and Sudan: Currently, we do not conduct business in Cuba, North Korea or Sudan. However, we advise the Staff that we purchase tobacco leaf grown in Cuba. These purchases, which are made via an international tobacco leaf dealer, totalled £290,000 in fiscal 2006 and £802,000 in fiscal 2007.

Altadis/the Enlarged Group: We have additionally provided a description of the Altadis operations in these countries. However, given that we have not had access to perform significant due diligence on the Altadis Group, our understanding of Altadis' operations in these countries is based on information included in public documents filed by Altadis or published by Altadis on its website.

The acquisition of Altadis was approved by our shareholders at an extraordinary general meeting held on August 13, 2007. The formal offer document (*folleto informativo*) is currently being reviewed by the *Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*, the Spanish securities regulator (the "CNMV"). Following approval by the CNMV, we will commence our tender offer for Altadis, which has three conditions: (i) EU competition clearance, (ii) tender of at least 80% of the outstanding ordinary shares of Altadis and (iii) removal of the 10% limitation on the exercise of voting rights contained in Altadis' by-laws. We have applied for EU competition clearance and are currently awaiting the decision of the regulator. Following the launch of our tender offer, there would be an acceptance period of approximately 60 days during which an extraordinary general meeting of Altadis shareholders would be called in order to remove the voting limitation. As the acquisition is subject to the satisfaction of conditions that are outside of our control, we cannot be certain that the acquisition will be completed.

In 2000 Altadis acquired a 50% interest in Corporacion Habanos S.A. ("Habanos") a company based in Cuba. Habanos distributes cigars manufactured in Cuba on a global basis. Habanos sales included in the accounts of Altadis for the year ended December 31, 2006 totalled €135million (£93 million) representing 3.4% of the Altadis Group's economic sales.

We also understand that Altadis manufactures cigarettes for importation into Syria. Altadis have not publicly disclosed the value of its sales to Syria; however, we do not believe such sales will be material to the Enlarged Group. We are not aware of any Altadis operations in Iran, North Korea or Sudan.

3. *Please clarify for us whether the operations of the Enlarged Group in Syria and Cuba will be material to the revenue, profit and financial condition of the Enlarged Group.*

Imperial Tobacco Response

Based upon the information that has been made available to us, if the acquisition of Altadis is completed, we estimate that the operations in Syria and Cuba will represent less than 2% of the revenue and profits of the Enlarged Group. As such we do not consider the operations to be material to the revenue, profit and financial condition of the Enlarged Group.

4. *Please advise us whether, and the extent to which, the governments of Iran, Syria, and Cuba, or persons or entities controlled by those governments, receive cash or act as intermediaries in connection with your and Altadis' operations.*

Imperial Tobacco Response

The Iranian Tobacco Company is a state-owned monopoly. However, because the transactions in which we were involved were the manufacture of cigarettes for sale to them via a third party distributor based in the UAE, we received no revenues from them directly and did not provide them with any cash. As mentioned above, we did not manufacture any cigarettes for import to Iran in fiscal 2007.

Similarly, in Syria, we sold cigarettes for the Syrian domestic market to the General Organisation for Trade, which is a state-owned monopoly. Sales of duty free cigarettes were made through a third party distributor based in the Lebanon. We have no knowledge of the parties or arrangements by which Altadis operates in Syria.

In Cuba, we purchase tobacco leaf grown in Cuba from an international tobacco leaf dealer, and do not deal directly with any Cuba entities. In addition, Altadis owns a 50% interest in Habanos, the remaining 50% of which is owned by the Cuban state. However, as discussed above, the acquisition of Altadis remains subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions which are outside of our control.

Closing comments

I trust our responses to your comments are satisfactory. If you require any further explanations or information when considering our responses to your comments please contact Nick Keveth (Group Financial Controller) on 011 44 117 933 7557.

Yours sincerely

Matthew Phillips

Company Secretary

EXHIBIT 5

"Gaceta Oficial" No. 131 dated July 7, 1961, page 13204

sas a que se refiere el anterior Por Cuanto, concurren circunstancias análogas a las constitutivas de las causas de utilidad pública y de interés social que justificaron la nacionalización de las empresas relacionadas en la Ley 890 de 1960.

Por Cuanto: La Disposición Transitoria única de la precitada Ley No. 890 de 13 de octubre de 1960, faculta a la Junta Central de Planificación para proceder, de acuerdo con los principios de dicha Ley, a la nacionalización de las empresas, no incluídas en la misma, que en la fecha de su promulgación se encontraban intervenidas por disposición de organismos estatales.

Por Tanto: En uso de las facultades que le están conferidas el Comité Ejecutivo de la Junta Central de Planificación acuerda dictar la siguiente:

Resolución

Primero: Se dispone la nacionalización mediante expropiación forzosa y, en consecuencia, se adjudican a favor del Estado Cubano en pleno dominio todos los bienes y empresas ubicados en el territorio nacional y los derechos y acciones emergentes de la explotación de los mismos, cualesquiera que sean el título y modo de su disfrute, que pertenecen a las siguientes personas naturales o jurídicas:

1. Gasolinera Pintec, S. A.
2. Combustibles El Recodo, S. A.
3. Centro Comercial Palacios, S. A.
4. Comercial Garbo, S. A.
5. Fregadora de Autos de Cuba, S. A.
6. Servicentro Diana, S. A.
7. Motores Cojímar, S. A.
8. Aluminio Estructural Cubano, S. A.
9. Industrial Siré, S. A.
10. Compañía Cajonera Cubana, S. A.
11. Minera Occidental Bosch, S. A.
12. Compañía Inspiración Cubana de Cobre, S. A.
13. Tintas Sinclair y Valentine de Cuba, S. A.
14. Distribuidora de Alta Costura Internacional, S. A.
15. Compañía Textilera Carmelín, S. A.
16. Compañía Textil Doble Vía, S. A.
17. Compañía Moldeadora de Plásticos, S. A.
18. Distribuidora de Tabacos y Cigarros Montemar, S. A.
19. Industrial Alfarera Cubana.
20. Muebles de Arte de Mimbre, S. A.
21. Mueblería La Parisién, S. A.
22. Maderera Occidental, S. A.
23. Fundición de Metales Cadena, S. A.
24. Aguas de Mesa, S. A.
25. Republic Hosiery Mill, S. A. (en español: Fábrica de Tejidos República, S. A.)
26. Compañía Textil Cubanacán, S. A.
27. Pollack y Compañía S. A., exportadores de tabaco en rama.
28. Fábrica de Cigarros y Picaduras, Torres Gener Hermanos, S. A.
29. Cigarros H. Hupmann, S. A.
30. Fábrica de Cigarros y Tabacos de Trinidad y Hermanos, S. A.
31. Trinidad Industrial, S. A.
32. Fábrica de Cigarros Kim, S. A.
33. Compañía Nacional de Calzado Alex, S. A.
34. Compañía Calzado Toldré, S. A.
35. Compañía Fabril de Calzado Kino, S. A.
36. La Sin Rival, S. A. Pastas y Fideos.
37. Compañía Galletera Gilda, S. A.
38. Panificadora Pinova, S. A.
39. Textilera Amazona, S. A.
40. Tejas Infinitas, S. A.
41. Tambores Arbuckle de Cuba, S. A.
42. Minagrande, S. A.
43. Compañía Minera Bahía de Moa.
44. Compañía Minera Masvidal, S. A.
45. Empaques Celloprint, S. A.
46. Nuevas Creaciones Textiles, S. A.
47. Empresas Petroleras Jones de Cuba, S. A.
48. Esso (Cuba) Inc.
49. Esso Standard (Cuba) Inc.
50. La Compañía Limitada de Texas (Indias Occidentales).
51. Compañía de Navegación Sinclair de Cuba.
52. Servicios Metropolitanos de Gas, S. A.
53. Compañía Comercial El Condado, S. A.
54. Refinería de Petróleo Santa María, S. A.
55. Panadería Billy, S. A.
56. Castañeda Montero, Pouseca, S. A.
57. Confecciones Paraná, S. A.
58. Textilera Versalles, S. A.
59. Curtidora Pombo, S. A.
60. Comercial La Curtiduría, S. A.
61. Hidro Eléctrica de Cumanayagua, S. A.
62. Compañía Cubana de Acumuladores, S. A.
63. Cigarrera Nacional, S. A.
64. Compañía Cubana Primadera, S. A.
65. Compañía Comercial Danpeco, S. A.
66. Tabacalera Moya, S. A.
67. Confecciones Oro, S. A.
68. Fábrica de Cigarros Camagüey, S. A.
69. Compañía Pepsi Cola de Cuba.
70. Compañía Embotelladora Metropolitana, S. A.
71. Compañía Embotelladora Corona Real Cola.
72. Compañía de Tabaco de Cuba, S. A.
73. Compañía Nacional de Acumuladores.
74. Partes de Autos Marca de Calidad, S. A. (Quality Braud Auto Part).
75. Inmobiliaria Arroyo Arenas, S. A.
76. Compañía Novedades Textiles, S. A.
77. Muebles Marvin, S. A.
78. Hijos de Domingo Méndez, Cigarros y Tabacos, S. A.
79. José Toraño y Cía., S. en C.
80. Martín Dosal y Cía.
81. Villamil, Santalla y Cía. S. L.
82. Compañía Comercial e Industrial Ermoto, S. A.
83. Fomento Eléctrico Rural, S. A.
84. Compañía Eléctrica Oriental Baracoa, S. A.
85. Jaruco Eléctrica.
86. Compañía Eléctrica del Noroeste, S. A.
87. Tenería Modelo, S. A.
88. Rafael Díaz Salazar (Salazar Muebles).
89. Juan J. Rodríguez e Hijos, S. L.
90. Aurelio Oliva Sánchez (Fundición Aurelio Oliva).
91. J. B. Díaz y Cía., S. en C.
92. Junco y Cía.
93. Leslie Pantin e Hijos.
94. Joaquín López (La Cristina, Panadería, Galletería y Dulcería).

"Gaceta Oficial" No. 131 dated July 7, 1961, page 13205

95. Esperanza Carrió Ajaray (Fábrica de Velas La Ideal).
96. Ramón Rodríguez e Hijos, S. en C.
97. Hijos de J. Cano y Cía.
98. Trajes Paramount, S. A. (Cía de Trajes Paramount).
99. Eugenia Behar Behar (Confecciones Allyson)
100. Hijos de Domingo Méndez, Cigarros y Tabacos, S. A.
101. Tabacalera Severino Jorge, S. A.
102. Productos Cubanos de Bagazo, S. A.
103. Reina y Susana Cohen Behar (Allon Original).
104. Talkar (Confecciones Irma Monasterio.

Segundo: La Administración y dirección de las empresas que por la presente Resolución se adjudican al Estado Cubano, se asigna a los organismos que actualmente tienen a su cargo dichas empresas, los que podrán designar para cada una de ellas dos administradores que elijan, sin perjuicio de las facultades de la Junta Central de Planificación.

Tercero: Se autoriza expresamente a los organismos a que se refiere el Apartado anterior para que, mediante las oportunas Resoluciones, extiendan la nacionalización que por esta Resolución se dispone a cuantos bienes, empresas, derechos y acciones resulten vinculados o afines a los nacionalizados, cualquiera que sea el modo, forma y título de la vinculación o afinidad.

Cuarto: Se declaran como causas de utilidad pública y de interés social y nacional, así como de la necesidad de la expropiación, las expuestas en los Por Cuantos de la presente Resolución.

Quinto: De conformidad con lo dispuesto en el Artículo 7 de la Ley 890 de 1960, los medios y formas de pago que correspondan a las personas naturales o jurídicas afectadas por las expropiaciones que se disponen en esta Resolución, serán reguladas mediante una Ley.

Y para su publicación en la GACETA OFICIAL de la República, en cumplimiento de lo expresamente ordenado por el Cmdte. Raúl Castro Ruz, Vicepresidente de la Junta Central de Planificación, se expide la presente certificación en La Habana, a cinco de julio de mil novecientos sesenta y uno.

Regino G. Boti
Ministro de Economía
Secretario Técnico
Junta Central de Planificación

S—5365

CONSEJO SUPERIOR DE LA REFORMA URBANA

EDICTO

El Consejo Superior de la Reforma Urbana, ha dispuesto, en cumplimiento de lo preceptuado en el Artículo 40, en relación con el Artículo 42 de la Ley de Reforma Urbana, y de conformidad con el procedimiento establecido por el Acuerdo número 55, de 10 de enero del año en curso, emplazar como por el presente se emplaza a los señores que a continuación se relacionarán, promoventes de expedientes sobre indemnización por su condición de antiguos acreedores hipotecarios por ante la Delegación Provincial de la Reforma Urbana en Santa Clara, Las Villas, conforme con lo que autoriza el Artículo 37 de dicha Ley, para que se personen ante esa Delegación mediante escrito en el que deberán hacer sus alegatos y acompañar las pruebas documentales y proponer los testigos que estimen convenientes dentro del término de quince días hábiles contados a partir de este emplazamiento.

Expediente número 1, promovente Paulino Fernández Figueroa; expediente número 2, promovente Alejo Cañizares; expediente número 3, promovente Juan Antonio Romero; expediente número 4, promovente Isaura Rodríguez Díaz; expediente número 5, promovente María Luisa Treto Silverio; expediente número 6, promovente Rosario Correa Pedrera; expediente número 7, promovente María Isabel Morales; expediente número 8, promovente Juan F. Bendoiro González; expediente número 9, promovente César Pernas Salas; expediente número 10, promovente María Teresa Cornides Salva; expediente número 11, promovente María González Tellés; expediente número 12, promovente Belén Vitalina Fleites; expediente número 13, promovente Elena Bracelán Delgado; expediente número 14, promovente Manuel Paz Lago; expediente número 15, promovente Sergio Luis Pulido; expediente número 16, promovente Clara Luz Guerra Pérez de Alejo; expediente número 17, promovente Francisco Fleites Monteagudo; expediente número 18, promovente Abelardo Agüero Pichardo; expediente número 19, promovente Jesús Flores Fernández; expediente número 20, promovente Julián Machado Martí; expediente número 24, promovente Aurora Fondón y Zaraboso; expediente número 25, promovente Manuel Enrique García Valdés; expediente número 26, promovente Joaquín Sebares Acebal; expediente número 27, promovente Modesto Lucilo Pérez de Prado; expediente número 28, promovente Felipa Sosa Rubio; expediente número 29, promovente Rosa Cristina Ruiz del Valle; expediente número 30, promovente Ignacio Gustavo Machado Cárdenas; expediente número 31, promovente José Gutiérrez García; expediente número 32, promovente Serafín Ríos y Cruz; expediente número 33, promovente Rafael A. Díaz Canel Herrera; expediente número 41, promovente Manuela Gutiérrez Rodríguez; expediente número 42, promovente José Valle; expediente número 43, promovente Otilio González Palmero; expediente número 44, promovente María del Carmen Lahera y Pérez; expediente número 45, promovente Teodoro Alvarez Menéndez; expediente número 46, promovente Angela Margarita Brizuela; expediente número 47, promovente María del Rosario Carbonell Echemendía; expediente número 48, promovente Jacobo Stiefiel y Ramírez; expediente número 49, promovente Sebastián Sandalio Escofet; expediente número 50, promovente Antonio Reyes Reyes; expediente número 51, promovente Resti-

EXHIBIT 5A

Resolution

First: The Nationalization, by means of forced expropriation, is decreed, and consequently the Cuban State, in complete authority, is awarded all the interest in assets and business entities located in the national territory and the rights and actions arising from the exploitation of the same, whatever the interest, title or mode of their ownership, of the following natural persons or judicial entities:

. . . .

96. Ramón Rodriguez e Hijos, S. en C.

. . . .

Second: The administration and management of the companies that by this Resolution are awarded to the Cuban State, are assigned to the organizations that are currently in charge of said companies, which may appoint for each of them the administrators they choose without prejudice to the powers of the Central Planning Board.

Third: The organizations referred to in the previous Section are expressly authorized, by appropriate Resolutions, to extend the nationalization that this Resolution provides to as many assets, business entities, rights and stocks as are linked or related to those nationalized, whatsoever the form and title of the bond of affinity to the nationalized entities.

Fourth: By reason of this Resolution. As detailed, they are declared to be matters of public necessity and of social and national interest, as well as the need for the expropriation.

Fifth: In accordance with the provisions of Article 7 of Law 890 of 1960, the means and forms of payment which correspond to the individuals or legal entities affected by the expropriations provided in this Resolution will be regulated by Law.

And in compliance with the expressed orders of Commander Raúl Castro Rus, Vice President of the Central Planning Board that it be published in the OFFICIAL GAZETTE of the Republic, this certification is issued in Havana as of July 5, 1961.

Regino G. Boti
Minister of the Economy
Technical Secretary
Central Planning Board
S -5365

EXHIBIT 5B

Resolución

Primero: Se dispone la nacionalización mediante expropiación forzosa y, en consecuencia, se adjudican a favor del Estado Cubano en pleno dominio todos las bienes y empresas ubicadas en el territorio nacional y los derechos y acciones emergentes de la explotación de los mismos, cualquiera que sean el título y modo de su disfrute, que pertenecen a las siguientes personas naturales o jurídicas:

. . . .

96. Ramón Rodriguez e Hijos, S. en C.

. . . .

Segundo: La Administración y dirección de las empresas que por la presente Resolución se adjudican al Estado Cubano, se asigna a los organismos que actualmente tiene a su cargo dichas empresas, los que podrán designar para cada una de ellas los administradores que elijan sin perjuicio de las facultades de la Junta Central de Planificación.

Tercero: Se autoriza expresamente a los organismos a que se refiere el Apartado anterior para que, mediante las oportunas Resoluciones, extiendan la racionalización que por esta Resolución se dispone a cuantos bienes, empresas, derechos y acciones resulten vinculados o afines a los nacionalizados, cualquiera que sea el modo, forma y título de la vinculación o afinidad.

Cuarto: Se declaran como causas de utilidad pública y de interés social y nacional, así como de la necesidad de la expropiación, las expuestas en ellas. Por Cuantos de la presente Resolución.

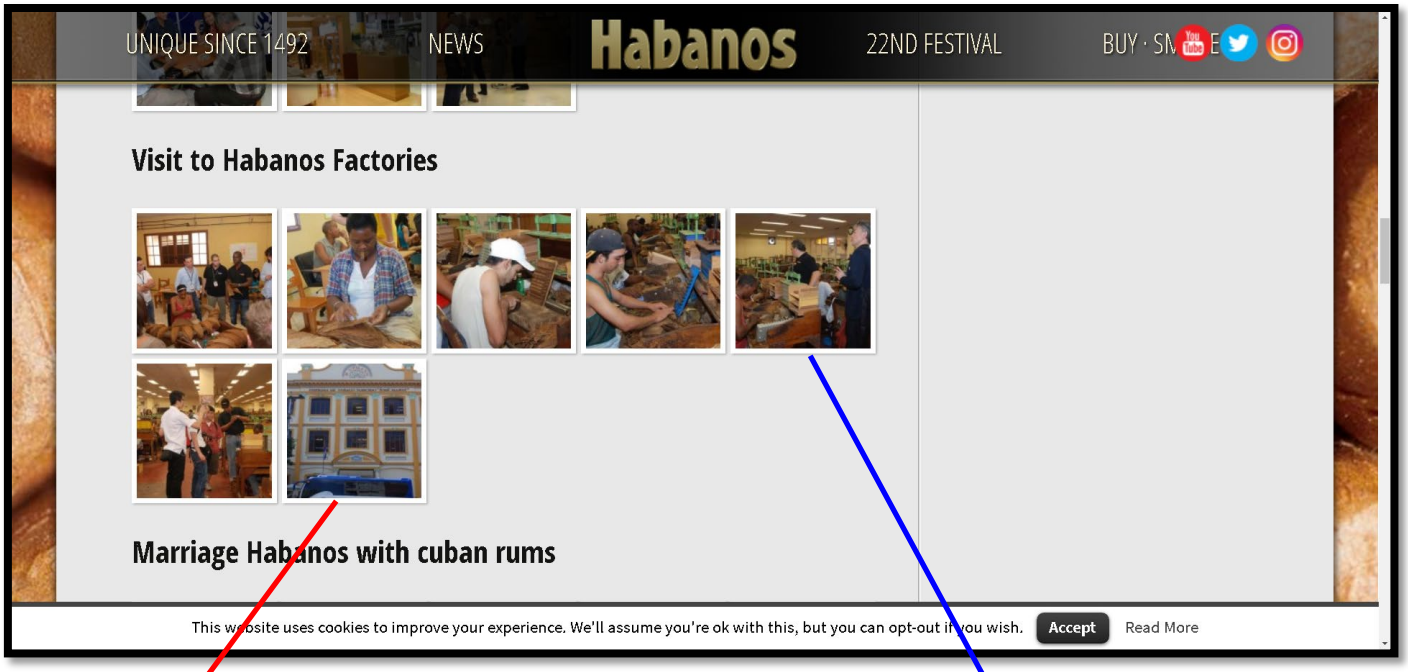
Quinto: De conformidad con lo dispuesto en el Artículo 7 de la Ley 890 de 1960, los medios y formas de pago que correspondan a las personas naturales o jurídicas afectadas por las expropiaciones que se disponen en esta Resolución, serán reguladas mediante una Ley.

Y para su publicación en la GACETA OFICIAL de la República, en cumplimiento de lo expresamente ordenado por el Cmdte. Raúl Castro Rus, Vicepresidente de la Junta Central de Plantificación, se expide la presente certificación en La Habana, a cinco de julio de mil novecientos sesenta y uno.

Regino G. Boti
Ministro de Economia
Secretario Técnieo
Junta Central de Planification
S -5365

COMPOSITE EXHIBIT 6

http://www.habanos.com/en/festival-habanos-noticias/festivales/xi-festival-del-habano/galeria-de-imagenes-del-xi/



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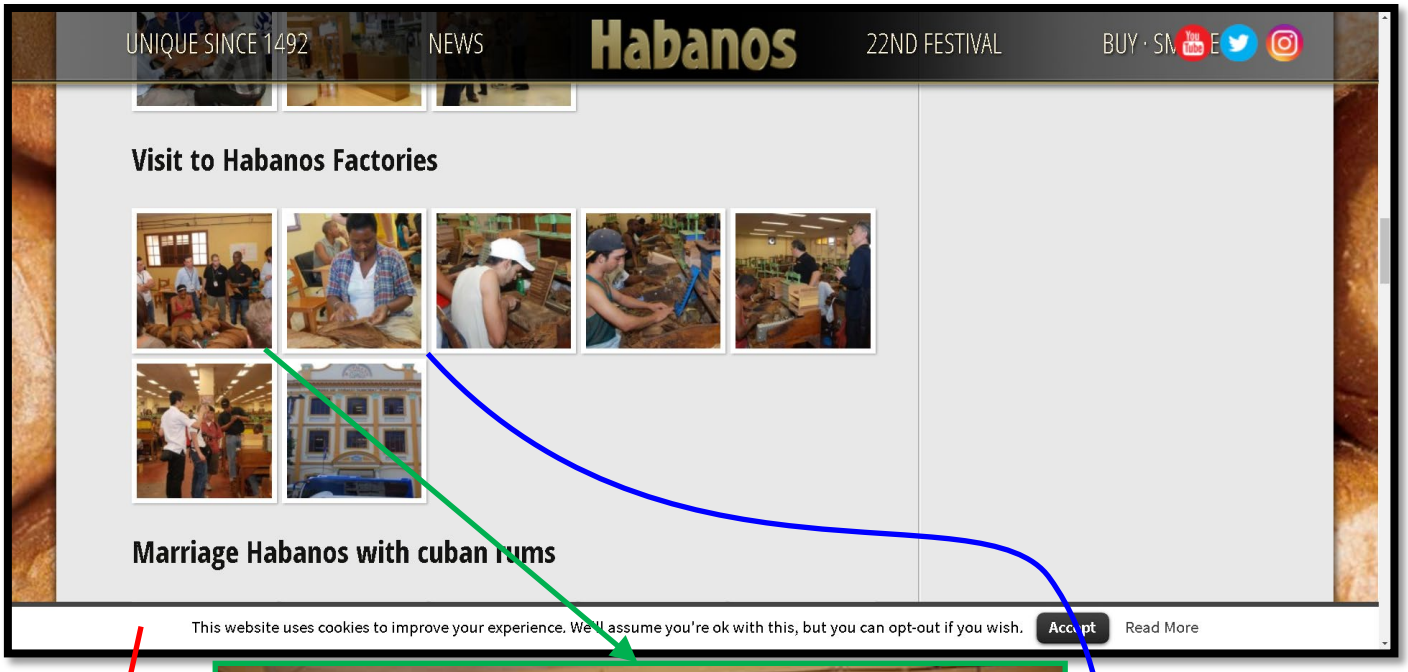

EXHIBIT 7

http://cubancigarsculturelifestyle.blogspot.com/2013/01/,